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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/538,580	06/15/2005	Rainer Pietig	DE 020318	9054
65913 NXP, B.V.	7590 08/06/200	007 EXAMINER		
NXP INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY DEPARTMENT			JONES, STEPHEN E	
M/S41-SJ 1109 MCKAY	DRIVE .		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SAN JOSE, CA	SAN JOSE, CA 95131			
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/06/2007	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

ip.department.us@nxp.com

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/538,580	PIETIG, RAINER				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Stephen E. Jones	2817				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status		•				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 Ju	<u>ly 2007</u> .	·				
· <u></u>	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.					
) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
 4) Claim(s) 1-8 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 6-8 is/are withdrawn for the state of the state of						
Application Papers		·				
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s)						
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal Pa					

Application/Control Number: 10/538,580 Page 2

Art Unit: 2817

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Claims 6-8 remain withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR
1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made **without** traverse in the reply filed on 3/27/07

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Marusawa et al. (JP09294006) in view of Maruhashi et al. (US 2001/0028280) (all of record).

Marusawa (Figs 2-4) teaches an irreversible (i.e. nonreciprocal) circuit device including: a plurality of strip conductors (e.g. 12a-c) that cross over each other and are insulated from each other by ferrite layers (11); and a permanent magnet (e.g. 23 in Fig. 4) provides biasing; and the three conductors cross each other at equal angles (i.e. at 120 degrees) as shown in Figs. 2-3.

However, Marusawa does not teach that the material where the conductors cross each other is a hard magnetic material which is permanently magnetized in a spatial direction perpendicular to the conductor planes.

Art Unit: 2817

Maruhashi teaches a hard ferrite magnet material (i.e. a permanent magnet material) can be used instead of using soft ferrite in combination with a permanent magnet located above the nonreciprocal device (see [0056] of Maruhashi).

It would have been considered obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have substituted a hard ferrite material such as taught by Maruhashi in place of the soft ferrite material in the Marusawa device, because it would have provided the advantageous benefit of a further miniaturized device because the permanent magnet could be eliminated since the hard ferrite provides the necessary bias such as taught by Maruhashi, thereby suggesting the obviousness of such a modification.

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments filed 7/23/07 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues with regard to the method of making the Maruhashi device as it relates to US patent 5,419,947. Also, Applicant argues that it would not have been obvious to modify the Marusawa device since neither of Marusawa or Maruhashi teaches a specific magnetic material suitable for use in the fabrication technique of Marusawa.

5. In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in

Art Unit: 2817

the art. See *In re Fine*, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988) and *In re Jones*, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, it is merely the general teaching of using a hard ferrite (i.e. a permanent magnet material) in place of the soft ferrite of a nonreciprocal device to eliminate the need for having both a permanent magnet in combination with a soft ferrite and thus providing the ability and advantage to make the Marusawa device smaller that is being applied in the rejections as pertaining to Maruhashi. The argument regarding US 5,419,947, which is not presently cited in the application file, does not appear to be of relevance to the rejection. Also, when modifying the device structure of Marusawa to obtain the advantage of further miniaturization, obviously the method steps would have to be modified as well to incorporate the change in structure as one of ordinary skill in the art clearly would have recognized.

Allowable Subject Matter

6. Claims 2-3 and 5 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

7. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within

Art Unit: 2817

TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Stephen E. Jones whose telephone number is 571-272-1762. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 9 AM to 5 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert J. Pascal can be reached on 571-272-1769. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

SEJ

STEPHEN E. JONES
PRIMARY EXAMINER

Page 5